Finnish Institute of Occupational Health

Mechanism of vocational rehabilitation for prolonging working career

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Finnish Institute of Occupational Health

Work ability and working careers

Unit of Research, Development, Training and Service of Occupational Health



Multidiciplinary Research Group

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The multi-staged **intervention** of the work-related rehabilitation

Group sessions of Individual assessment the rehabilitation, 2 of the needs to 3 lasting each and from 2- to 5 days, 1 Assessment. selection of co-operative day rehabilitees, summing -Summing-up up the one meeting the with ones' needs, Assessment employer's The individual supervisor, planning of and summing need for 1 to 3 sessions of the the -up of the rehabilitation meetings at rehabilitation, rehabilitee's employee's process, 1 to the OHS. 1 to 5, lasting process, rehabilitation, Decision 2 cotypically 2 to 4 1 day and 1 1 co-operative making at SII operative hours, 1 at co-operative after meeting meetings workplace meeting documents The model of the work-related multi-disciplinary rehabilitation





Study design

Rehabilitee
Survey
questionaires
Individual
interview
Documents

Rehabilitation service provider Group interview Rehabilitation processes, outcomes, mechanisms

Occupational health service provider Individual interview

multiperspectiveand mixed method -approaches

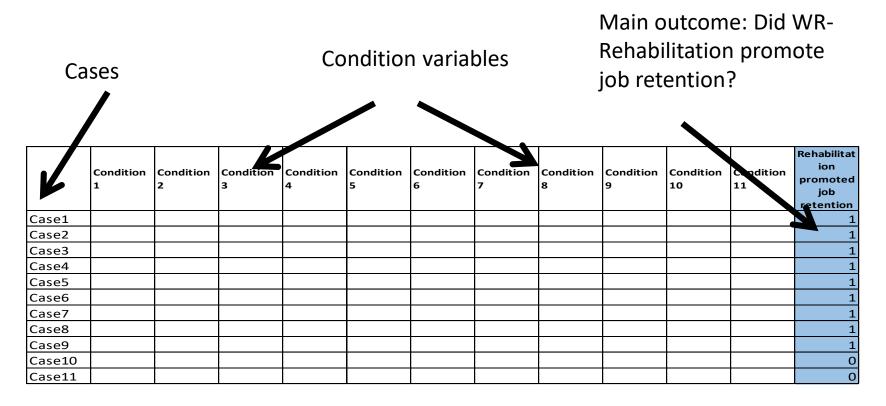
Rehabilitee's superviser Individual interview

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Data- multiple case study

• 11 cases, where data of their rehabilitation process was gathered from four perspectives

QCA – Truth Table



Ragin 1987; Befani et al 2007; Schneider & Wagemann 2012; Schatz & Welle 2016

Condition variables

- 1. An increased risk of job loss
- 2. Rehabilitation enabled the rehabilitee to exercise an active personal agency
- 3. The process was conducted **at the right time** in terms of the rehabilitee's readiness for rehabilitation
- 4. All stakeholders had a **common shared view** on the goals of rehabilitation
- **5. Supervisor** had the readiness to make adjustments to the employee's job
- 6. The rehabilitee was actively **supported by occupational health service** in achieving the goals of rehabilitation
- **7. Collaboration** between the representatives of work place and occupational health service promoted rehabilitation
- **8. Peer support** had a vital role in achieving the goals
- 9. The rehabilitation service was adjusted to **the needs of the rehabilitee**
- 10. The process supported rehabilitee in reaching vocational goals
- 11. The process promoted functional ability of the rehabilitee

QCA – Truth Table

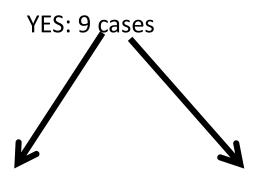
	Increased risk of job loss	Rehabilitation enabled the rehabilitee to excersise an active personal agency	readiness for rehabilitation	All	the job of the employee	The rehabilitee was actively supported by occupational health service in achieving the	of work place and occupational health service	Peer support had a vital role	rehabilitation service was adjusted to the needs of the	rehabilitee in	The process promoted functional ability of the rehabilitee	Rehabilitatio n promoted job retention
Mari	1	1	. 1	0	1	1	1	1	0,5	1	1	1
Juha	1	1	. 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Petteri	1	1	. 1	1	1	1	1	0,5	1	1	1	1
Matti	1	1	. 1	0,5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sari	0	1	. 1	0	0	0	0	0,5	1	1	0	1
Liisa	0	1	. 1	1	1	0	0	0	0,5	1	1	1
Timo	0	1	. 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Susanna	0	1	. 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,5	1
Helena	0	0,5	0,5	0	1	0,5	1	1	0	1	0	1
Riitta	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Päivi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

How to continue your mixed method analyses with QCA

- Qualitatively
- Quantitavely
- Rihoux 2005 (https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/2fc9/4e881bfe78324 d85952bcabaef67de5f9774.pdf)
- Schneider & Wagermann 2010 (http://www.goethe-university-frankfurt.de/47932932/schneider-wagemann-2010.ph
 df)



Rehabilitation promoted job retention?



Group 1: The main aim of the rehabilitation was to prevent permanent work disability

Group 2: The main aim of the rehabilitation was to make adjustments at work together with supervisor and/or workplace



Group 3: Expectations for rehabilitation were associated with improving general health

Final Conclusion

When investigating outcome of social interventions in a complex systems, this kind of new ways of analyzing both the mechanisms and the effects are needed.

Mixed-methods along with QCA made it possible to discover:

- mechanisms and pathways which consisted of different promoting or preventing factors in rehabilitation
- qualitatively higher range of job retention outcomes





UNIVERSITATIS OULUENSIS

Pirjo Juvonen-Posti

WORK-RELATED REHABILITATION FOR STRENGTHENING WORKING CAREERS

A MULTIPERSPECTIVE AND MIXED METHODS STUDY OF ITS MECHANISMS

Academic dissertation to be presented with the assent of the Doctoral Training Committee of Health and Biosciences of the University of Oulu for the public defence in Auditorium of the Faculty of Medicine on 8 June 2018, at 12 noon.

Pirjo Juvonen-Posti

Work-related rehabilitation for strengthening working careers: a multiperspective and mixed methods study of its mechanisms

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